

LUXCO WAX

6530-A/B

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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This information and product are furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make his own determination as to the suitability of the product for his particular purpose and on the condition that he assume the risk of his use thereof.

MANUFACTURER

Lux International Corporation 20929 Cabot Boulevard

Hayward, California 94545

Emergency phone: (510) 783-9295

Plant phone: (510) 232-8704

EMERGENCIES

Transportation emergencies: CHEMTREC

Phone: (800) 424-9300 Continental U.S.

Health emergencies: Call LOS ANGELES POISON

INFORMATION CENTER, (800) 356-3129 (24 hrs)

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Names Luxco 6530-A/B PVC

Generic Name: Paraffin wax

Chemical Family: Petroleum hydrocarbon

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable

DOT Hazard Classification: Not applicable

CAS Number: 64742-43-4

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: > 650 °F

Melting Point: 161 °F

Specific Gravity @ 25 °C: 0.927

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): negligible

Vapor Density (air=1): negligible

Color: white solid

Odor: none

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

TIAZARDOOD INGREDIENTO					
Component	Percent	Exposure Limit	Agency	Туре	
None	**************************************		ACGIH	TWA	
			OSHA	TWA	

The identities of ingredients that are trade secrets are excluded from this list. Exposure limit is for fumes.

FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYE CONTACT:

If irritation or redness develops from exposure to fumes generated during hot melt processing operations, move victim away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes with clean water. If irritation or redness persists, seek medical attention. For contact with molten material, gently open eyelids and flush affected eye(s) with cold water. Seek immediate medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

Cool solid material is not expected to cause skin irritation. Thermal burns may result from contact with hot material. If hot melted material gets on the skin, quickly cool in water. See a doctor for extensive burns. Do not try to peel the solidified material from the skin or use solvents or thinners to dissolve it. The use of vegetable oil or mineral oil is recommended for removal of this material from the skin.

INHALATION (BREATHING):

If respiratory symptoms develop from exposure to fumes emitted by the molten material, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. Inhalation may produce nausea and irritation of the upper respiratory tract. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. If victim is not breathing, immediately begin artificial respiration. If breathing difficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical

INGESTION (SWALLOWED):

No first aid is normally required; however, if swallowed, and symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

MARKETED BY

HARWICK STANDARD DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION

60 S. Seiberling Street • Akron, Ohio 44305

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF EXPOSURE

EYE CONTACT Prolonged or repeated exposure to fumes or vapors emitted by the molten material may cause tearing. Contact with the molten

material may cause thermal burns. SKIN CONTACT:

This material may cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause redness and burning. Contact with the molten material may cause thermal burns. No harmful effects are expected from skin absorption of this material. INHALATION (BREATHING): Inhalation of the solid material is unlikely. However, fumes from the molten material may cause irritation of the nose and throat.

INGESTION (SWALLOWING): While this material has a low degree of toxicity, ingestion of excessive quantities may cause diarrhea.

NOTE: This material has not been identified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

PROTECTIVE INFORMATION:

heat resistant gloves is recommended.

VENTILATION: If current ventilation practices are not adequate to minimize exposure, additional ventilation or exhaust systems may be required.

Where explosive mixtures may be present, electrical systems safe for such locations must be used. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: No respiratory protection is required when working with the solid material. Protection from fumes emitted from molten material

may be necessary. If airborne concentrations exceed recommended exposure limits (see Hazardous Ingredients section), a suitable filter-type respirator should be worn. PROTECTIVE GLOVES: The use of gloves impermeable to the specific material handled is advised to prevent skin contact and possible irritation. The use of

EYE PROTECTION: Approved eye protection to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation or injury during hot melt processing operations is recommended.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: It is suggested that a source of clean water be available in the work area for flushing eyes and skin. Impervious clothing should be

REACTIVITY DATA STABILITY: Stable under normal conditions of storage

and handling. CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid contact with any source of heat.

MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITY: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents. **DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Thermal**

decomposition in the presence of air may yield major amounts of oxides of carbon and minor amounts of oxides of sulfur and nitrogen. Paraffin wax fumes have an assigned ACGIH

TLV of 2 mg/m^3 . POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

NFPA Health Hazard: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

1 = slight2 = moderate3 = high

0 = least

4 = extreme

Flash Point: ≥ 513 °F

STORAGE AND HANDLING

worn as needed.

STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry location. Keep away from incompatible materials (see Reactivity section). Contact with any source of

heat may cause melting.

SPILLS AND LEAKS:

and federal regulations.

Sweep up and package appropriately for disposal. For molten material, absorb with sand or inert absorbent material. Notify appropriate federal, state and local agencies. If spill of any

amount is made into or upon U.S. navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines, notify the National

Response Center, phone number (800) 424-8802. WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Extinguish with dry chemical, CO₂, water spray, foam, sand or earth. Water and foam may cause frothing.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water spray may be useful in minimizing vapors and cooling

risk. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

containers exposed to heat and flame. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes. Move undamaged containers from fire area if it can be done without

NOTE: This material may burn, but will not ignite easily.

Dispose of product in accordance with local, county, state,