

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

MANUFACTURER / IMPORTER:

Zeon Chemicals L.P. 4111 Bells Lane

Louisville, Kentucky 40211

TELEPHONE NUMBER:

1-800-735-3388

(502)-775-2000

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:** 

1-800-776-2460 Ext 7650

(502) 774-8126

CHEMICAL FAMILY:

Acrylonitrile / Butadiene Polymer

USES:

Polymer/Adhesive Compounding

This MSDS applies to the following product(s):

Nysyn® 30-5

Nysyn® 33-5HM

Nysyn® 35-8

Nysyn® 30-8

Nysyn® 33-5SR

Nysyn® 40-5

Nysyn® 33-3

Nysyn® 33-8HM

Nysyn® DN 170

Nysyn® 33-4HM

Nysyn® 35-5

# Section 2 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	CAS#	AMOUNT	Exposure Limits			
<u>.</u>		-	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV		
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	<10 ppm est	2 ppm TWA 1 ppm AL 10 ppm Ceiling	2 ppm TWA A2, Skin		
Butadiene	106-99-0	<0.2 ppm esi	1 ppm TWA 5 ppm STEL 0.5 ppm AL	2 ppm TWA A2		
p-t-butyl phenol (1)	98-54-4	<0.1 %	None Established	None Established		
4-Vinyl Cyclohexene	100-40-3	<0.1 % est	None Established	0.1 ppm TWA, A3		

OTHER INGREDIENTS	CAS#	AMOUNT	Notes
Acrylonitrile / Butadiene Polymer	9003-18-3	>90 %	TWA = Time Weighted Average TLV = Threshold Limit Value AL = Action Level RD = Respirable Dust TD = Total DustSTEL = Short Term Exposure Limit Skin = Skin contact may be a significant route of exposure A2 = ACGIH Suspected Human Carcinogen A3 = ACGIH Animal Carcinogen A4 = ACGIH Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen PNOC = Particulates Not Otherwise Classified  11 Denotes an ingredient contained in 30-5, 30-8, 33-3,35-5 35-8, 40-5, & DN 170

MARKETED BY

# HARWICK STANDARD DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION

60 S. Seiberling Street • Akron, Ohio 44305

EMERCENCY OVERVIE	w

These products are amber colored slabs with a mild characteristic odor. As supplied, these products are not expected to cause any adverse health or physical effects. Processing operations may produce vapors or dust that may cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation. Toxic combustion products may be released under fire conditions.

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

Potential Health Effects From Overexposure:

Possible routes of entry include skin & eye contact and process vapor or dust inhalation.

No adverse health effects are expected during normal processing when potential exposures are eliminated by good industrial hygiene practice and well ventilated conditions. At processing temperatures, the combined ingredients (elastomer and other processing ingredients) may emit fumes and vapors that may cause irritation to the eyes, skin, nose, throat, and respiratory tract. Processing under conditions of inadequate ventilation may produce symptoms of nausea, dizziness, or headaches. Typically these effects are reversible upon removal from exposure and no lasting effects are expected. Most importantly, the potential for irritation will depend on the effectiveness of exhaust ventilation provided to the process area.

Some Nysyn products may contain a trace amount of p-t-butyl phenol as a component of the antioxidant package. Although rare, there are reports of depigmentation of the skin (vitiligo) associated with this compound in related elastomer products. We recommend that contact with exposed skin be avoided by the use of gloves and other personal protective equipment appropriate for handling and / or processing operations.

Overexposure to decomposition or combustion products may cause irritation of the eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. Symptoms such as coughing, tearing, and irritation should be regarded as potentially hazardous and measures taken to avoid exposure. See Section 10 for information on combustion products.

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SECTION	4 -	HIDST	ATO	MEASURES	:

If irritation occurs or persists from any route of exposure, remove the affected individual from the area and seek medical assistance.

Eye Contact: Treat as any foreign particulate matter. Flush eyes with running water for several minutes while holding eyelids open. Consult a physician if irritation persists.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contact area with soap and water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation / altergic skin reaction develops.

Particulate Inhalation: Remove affected individual to fresh air.

Vapor Inhalation (processing vapors or decomposition products): Remove the affected individual to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration and seek medical assistance immediately.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water, ABC dry chemical, or Protein type air foams are recommended media. Elastomers would be considered "ordinary combustibles" (NFPA defined Class A). Carbon dioxide is generally not recommended for use on Class A fires as a lack of cooling capacity may result in reignition.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) during the attack

phase of firefighting operations and during cleanup in enclosed or poorly ventilated areas immediately after a fire. Personnel not having suitable respiratory protection must leave the area to prevent significant exposure to toxic combustion gases from any source.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Special precautions must be taken if elastomers are ground or otherwise formed into a fine powder or dust since many organic substances in these forms present a dust explosion hazard. Toxic gases may be formed upon combustion and represents a hazard to firefighters. See Section 10 for additional information on combustion products.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
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If the material is released or spilled, sweep, shovel, or vacuum crumbs or chunks into closed containers for reuse or disposal.

# Section 7 - Handling and Storage

During normal processing, virtually all elastomers will emit fumes and vapors when heated to processing temperatures. The concentration and composition of these vapors will depend on variables such as the specific formulation and processing method and temperature. Always process elastomers under well ventilated conditions and avoid continued or prolonged breathing of process vapors. Wash thoroughly after processing compound, especially before eating, smoking, or using toilet facilities. Do not use or consume food in processing areas. Do not use processing equipment to heat food.

Clean up following normal processing should be performed under well ventilated conditions. Elastomer may be held at process temperatures for a short time without significant thermal degradation. However exposure to either elevated temperature or excessive time will result in decomposition. Equipment should not be shut down for extended time periods with compound in it or decomposition may occur.

Processing fume condensates, which may include toxic contaminants, may be combustible and should be periodically removed from exhaust boods, ductwork, and other surfaces. Protective clothing, including impervious gloves, should be worn during cleanup operations to prevent skin contact.

Store in a cool, dry place away from direct light to maintain quality.

Abnormal conditions such as equipment malfunction or using improper equipment or procedures, or hangup or stagnation of material during processing may cause decomposition. Employees involved in removing decomposing material should be provided suitable air-supplied respirators, such as an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

Compounding ingredients added to elastomer products may require special handling. It is the users responsibility to follow the recommended precautions of the individual additive suppliers.

Post-processing operations at your workplace or at your customer's workplace involving heat sufficient to result in polymer breakdown emitting smoke and fumes should always be conducted in such a manner to avoid inhalation of fumes. Local exhaust ventilation should be provided to prevent significant employee exposure.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

**Ventilation:** Effective general and, if necessary, local exhaust ventilation must always be provided to draw furnes or vapors away from workers to prevent routine inhalation. Ventilation must be adequate to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the limits listed in Section 2.

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection is not typically required during normal use and handling operations where general dilution or local exhaust ventilation is adequate to control exposures. NIOSH approved respiratory protection may be needed if vapor or dust is generated during processing or if the product is ground into a fine powder. Wear a positive pressure air-supplied respirator in situations where there may be potential for elevated airborne exposure such as during equipment malfunction, or product hangup or stagnation during processing that may result in decomposition.

Protective Equipment: During processing operations, safety glasses and/or goggles suitable for keeping dust or particulate matter out of the eyes should be worn when eye contact is anticipated. Protective gloves should be worn to prevent skin

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contact.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties					
Specific Gra	avity (H <sub>2</sub> O=1): ~1.0	Solubility in Water: Insolub	ole	% Volatile by Weig	ht: <1 (water vapor)
Арреагалсе	and Odor: Amber colored s	ab with a mild characteristic o	odor.		
Section 10	- STABILITY AND REACTIVE	тү			
Stability: S	table	Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not	occur	
Conditions	to Avoid: Overheating				
		ation is available, however strounds, are not compatible with			ts which are generally
monoxide, o	arbon dioxide, hydrogen cya	Fumes produced when heated in nide, oxides of nitrogen, and s nose of other natural and synth	mall amo	unts of aromatic and	aliphatic hydrocarbons.
SECTION 11	- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORM	ATION			· · · · · ·
No informat	tion available.				
Section 12	- Ecological Informat	ION			
No informat	tion available.				
Section 13	- Disposal Consideratio	ns			
characteristic regulation, t	ics contained in 40 CFR Part the applicability of the Reson	plied is not known to be classif 261, and its Appendices. It is see Conservation and Recover tlations, to the particular waste	the gener y Act (RC	rator's responsibility t CRA), as well as all st	o determine, per the ate, local, or other
SECTION 14	- Transport Informatio	N	<del></del>		
		ese products are not defined or e 49 of the Code of Federal Re			erial by the U.S.
	DOT Hazard Class DOT Proper Shipping Nam DOT Label	Not Regulated e Not Applicable Not Applicable		/NA Hazard No. portable Quantity	Not Applicable Not Applicable
SECTION 15	- Regulatory Informat	ion			
TSCA Inve	ntory Status: These produc	ts and all components are liste	d on the i	U.S. EPA Toxic Subs	tances Control Act

SARA 313 Status: These products do not contain any components exceeding the *de minimis* amount subject to reporting under Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

an impurity in butadiene monomer, which is subject to export notification requirements.

TSCA 12(b) Export Notification Status: These products may contain trace levels of 4-Vinyl Cyclohexene (CAS 100-40-3),

### Additional Right-to-Know Information on Components:

Component	CAS#	Key (See below)	
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	2,8	
Butadiene	106-99-0	2,8	
4-Vinyl Cyclohexene	100-40-3	2	
Acrylonitrile / Butadiene Polymer	9003-18-3	7, 13	+

Key	Description	Key	Description
1.	Reserved	8.	MA Extraordinary Hazardous Substance above 1 ppm
2.	CA Listed Carcinogen	9.	MA Toxic or Hazardous Substance above 1%
3.	CA Listed Reproductive Toxin	10.	NJ Hazardous Substance above 1%
4.	PA Special Hazardous Substance above 0.01%	11.	NJ Special Health Hazard Substance above 0.1%
5.	PA Hazardous Substance above 1%	1 <b>2</b> .	NJ Environmental Hazardous Substance above 1%
6.	PA Non-Hazardous Substance above 3%	13.	NJ Non-Hazardous Substance above 1%
7.	PA Non-Hazardous Substance above 5%	14.	Canadian WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List Substance

#### SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

#### Hazard Rating System Classifications:

	NFPA	HMIS	Key: 0=least; 1=slight; 2=moderate; 3=high: 4=extreme
Health	2	0	National Fire Protection Association rating identifies hazards during a fire emergency.
Flammability	1	1	Hazardous Materials Identification System rating applies to products as packaged.
Reactivity	0	0	

#### Appendix A - Acrylonitrile

These products contain trace amounts of acrylonitrile. Acrylonitrile is regulated by OSHA at 29 CFR 1910.1045. Acrylonitrile is listed by OSHA as a carcinogen, by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a Group 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans), by NTP as an anticipated human carcinogen, and by ACGIH as a suspected human carcinogen. Air sampling studies conducted on related acrylonitrile / butadiene polymers under simulated compound processing conditions showed airborne concentrations of acrylonitrile to be below one (1) ppm. Users should not rely on manufacturer's data alone, but should do sufficient in-plant testing for acrylonitrile levels to assure compliance of their operations.

#### Appendix B - Butadiene

These products contain trace amounts of butadiene. Butadiene is regulated by OSHA at 29 CFR 1910.1051. Butadiene is listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a Group 2A carcinogen (probably carcinogenic to humans), by NTP as a known human carcinogen, and by ACGIH as a suspected human carcinogen.

# Appendix C - 4-Vinyl Cyclohexene

These products may contain trace amounts of 4-Vinyl Cyclohexene. 4-VCH is listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a Group 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans) and by ACGIH as an animal carcinogen.

It may be possible under certain processing and handling conditions, e.g. processes that create vapors, mists, or dust, to release unreacted monomers and other substances in airborne concentrations in excess of their established exposure limits or guidelines. Customers and processors should do sufficient in-house industrial hygiene monitoring to assure compliance of their operations.

Reason for (Re)issue: New

#### User's Responsibility

This bulletin cannot cover all possible situations which the user may experience during processing. Each aspect of your operation must be examined to determine if, or where, additional precautions may be necessary. All health and safety information contained in this bulletin must be provided to your employees or customers. It is your responsibility to use this information to develop appropriate work practice guidelines and employee instructional programs for your operation.

#### Disclaimer of Liability

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