Saret 517 DLC®-A-75

1: Identification

Product identifier: Saret 517 DLC-A®-75

Other means of identification: Propylidynetrimethyl trimethacrylate on silicon dioxide

Supplier:

P S

NATROCHEM, Inc. P.O. Box 1205

Savannah, GA 31402-1205

912-236-4464

Recommended use: Plastics, sealants, rubber, elastomers

Restrictions on use: Not applicable.

Emergency phone number: CHEMTREC (USA) 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (Int'l) 202-483-7616

2: Hazard(s) identification

GHS classification: Skin sensitization – Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 2

GHS label elements

Signal word: Symbol(s): WARNING



Hazard statements: May cause an allergic skin reaction

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Hazards not otherwise

May form combustible dust concentrations in the air.

classified:

Processing may release vapours and/or fumes which cause eye, skin,

and respiratory tract irritation.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/vapours.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection.

Response: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Collect spillage.

IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. In case of fire: Use water spray, CO₂, foam, or dry chemical to

extinguish.

Storage: Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container. Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

3: Composition

Substance/mixture: Mixture

Ingredient	Synonyms	CAS number	Concentration (%)
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-		3290-92-4	70-74
ethyl-2-[[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-			
propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-			
propanediyl ester			
2,6-tert-butyl-alpha-		88-27-7	0-3
dimethylamino-p-cresol			
Silica, amorphous, precipitated,		112926-00-8	26-30
and gel			

Contains no detectable crystalline silica (detection limit <0.01% by weight)

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4: First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM, OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have SDS information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes

with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open.

Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing,

if breathing is irregular, or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide

artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly

with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use

solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this

> container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No significant irritation expected other than possible mechanical

irritation.

Inhalation: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or

recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose,

throat, and lungs.

Skin contact: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Irritation Redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Coughing

Respiratory tract irritation

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Dryness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5: Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray, CO₂, foam, dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing None known.

media:

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical:

Hazardous thermal Carbon oxides, hazardous organic compounds.

decomposition products: Polymerization is exothermic and can degenerate into an

uncontrolled reaction.

Special protective actions for

tions for Fight fire from a protected location.

firefighters: Cool containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Firefighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after

use.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters:

Firefighters and other who may be exposed to products of

combustion should wear full firefighting turn-out gear (full Bunker

Gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure

demand/NIOSH approved or equivalent).

6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

For non-emergency No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without personnel:

suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Product

forms slippery surface when combined with water.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note

> of any information in **Section 8** on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information immediately above in "For non-emergency

personnel".

Environmental precautions: Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused

environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil, or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled

waste container.

Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled Large spill:

waste container.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see **Section 8**). Eating, drinking, and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking, and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. When transferring material into flammable solvents, use proper grounding to avoid electrical sparks. Avoid alteration of product properties before use. Calcining (which may result in crystalline silica formation) or mixing with additives may alter

toxicological properties.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: See also **Section 8** for additional information on hygiene measures. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated area

away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Avoid storage under an oxygen-free atmosphere. Do not store below 32°F (0°C) or above

100°F (38°C).

Storage stability: Inhibitor levels should be maintained. The typical shelf life for this

product is 6 months.

Incompatible materials: Store separate from strong oxidizing agents, strong reducing agents,

free radical inhibitors, inert gas, oxygen scavengers, and peroxides.

8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:		
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-ethyl-2-[[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester (3290-92-4)		
US OARS WEELs	TWA 1 mg/m ³ Skin designation – can be absorbed through the skin	

Recommended monitoring procedures:

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere, or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker

Appropriate engineering controls:

exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls:

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure that they comply with the requirements of

environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters, or engineering modifications to process equipment will be

necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling chemical

products, before eating, smoking, and using the lavatory, and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be

used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases, or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved

standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. When handling hot material, wear heat-resistant gloves that are able to

withstand the temperature of molten product.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should

be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.

Respiratory protection: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated

exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working

limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to

concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment

indicates this is necessary.

9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Powder, solid, or granular solid.

Color: White to yellow. Odor: Acrylic-like Odor threshold: Not available. Not available. :Ha Melting/freezing point: Not available. **Boiling point and range:** Not available. Flash point: Not available. Not available. **Evaporation rate:** Flammability: Not available.

limits:

Vapor pressure:

Vapor density:

Relative density:

Solubility:

Partition coefficient: n
Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

octanol/water:

Flammability or explosive

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.

Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Viscosity: Not applicable.

10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Not available.

Chemical stability: This material is stable under normal and anticipated storage,

handling, and processing conditions; however, this material can

undergo hazardous polymerization.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization may occur. Polymerization is exothermic

reactions: and can degenerate into an uncontrolled reaction.

Conditions to avoid: High temperature (>800°C) treatment (calcining). Avoid alteration of

product properties before use. Calcining (which may result in crystalline silica formation) or mixing with additives may alter

toxicological properties. Avoid generating dust.

This material polymerizes exothermically in the presence of heat, contamination, oxygen-free atmosphere, free radicals, peroxides, and inhibitor depletion, liberating heat. Avoid direct

sunlight. Do NOT expose to ultraviolet light.

Refer to protective measures listed in **Sections 7 and 8**.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids,

oxidizing materials, strong alkalis, strong reducing agents, free radical generators, inert gas, oxygen scavengers, and peroxides.

Hazardous decomposition Carbon oxides **products:** Acrylates

Hazardous organic compounds

11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/summary

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-ethyl-2-[[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-

propanediyl ester

Inhalation: No deaths occurred. (Rat)(8 h saturated vapour)

<u>Irritation/corrosion</u>

Conclusion/summary

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-ethyl-2-[[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-

propanediyl ester

Skin: Causes mild skin irritation (Rabbit)(4-6 h)

Causes skin irritation (Rabbit)(5 d)(Repeated skin exposure)

Eyes: Causes mild eye irritation (Rabbit)(4-6 h)

2,6-di-tert-butyl-alpha-dimethylamino-p-cresol

Skin: Practically non-irritating (Rabbit)(4 h occluded exposure)

Eyes: Causes serious eye irritation (Rabbit)

Sensitization

Conclusion/summary:

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-ethyl-2-[[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester

Not a sensitizer. Guinea pig maximization test. (Guinea pig) Both positive and negative responses have been reported.

2,6-di-tert-butyl-alpha-dimethylamino-p-cresol

May cause allergic skin reaction. LLNA: Local Lymph Node Assay (Mouse) Produced an allergic reaction.

Mutagenicity:

Conclusion/summary:

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl- **In Vitro:** No genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using:

, 2-ethyl-2-[[(2-methyl-1- bacteria, yeast.

oxo-2- Both positive and negative responses for genetic changes were propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3- observed in laboratory tests using: animal cells, human cells.

propanediyl ester In Vivo: No genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using:

rats, mice.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/summary:

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl- Chronic dermal administration to mouse: No increase in tumor , 2-ethyl-2-[[(2-methyl-1- incidence was reported.

oxo-2-

propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-

propanediyl ester

Classification

Ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Silica, amorphous,	-	3	-
precipitated, and gel			

Carcinogen classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: [Known/Reasonably anticipated] to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

<u>Target organs</u> Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs:

upper respiratory tract, eyes.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes Routes of entry anticipated: oral, dermal, inhalation.

of exposure:

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No significant irritation expected other than possible mechanical

irritation.

Inhalation: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or

recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose,

throat, and lungs.

Skin contact: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Irritation Redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Coughing

Respiratory tract irritation

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Dryness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure

Conclusion/summary: An epidemiological study was conducted which included 165

precipitated silica workers who had been exposed an average time of 8.6 years. Of these 165 workers, 44 had been exposed for an average of 18 years. No adverse effects were noted in complete medical examinations (including chest roentgenograms) of these workers. Pulmonary function decrements were correlated only with smoking and age but not with the degree or duration of dust exposures. Laboratory studies have also been conducted in small animals via inhalation of levels of precipitated silica dust of up to 126 mg/m³ per periods from six months to two years. Although precipitated silica was temporarily deposited in animals' lungs, most of the deposited material was cleared soon after the dust exposure ended. The results of all studies performed by, or known to, PPG indicated a very low order of pulmonary activity for synthetic precipitated silicas. PPG recommends that persons with breathing problems or lung disease should not work in dusty areas unless a physician approves and certifies their fitness to wear respiratory protection.

Short-term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

Potential delayed effects

Long-term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

Potential delayed effects

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic

No significant irritation expected other than possible mechanical

respiratory irritation.

irritation.

Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic

respiratory irritation.

Potential chronic health

effects

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Carcinogenicity:** Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity: Developmental effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards. Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Ingredient	Result	Species	Exposure
Silica, amorphous,	NOEC > 1000 ppm	Daphnia – <i>daphnia</i>	24 hours
precipitated, and gel		magna	
	Acute NOEC > 10000 ppm	Fish	96 hours static
	fresh water		
	Acute NOEC > 10000 ppm	Fish – <i>brachydanio rerio</i>	4 days static
2-Propenoic acid, 2-	LC50 2 mg/L	Fish – oncorhynchus	96 hours

methyl-, 2-ethyl-2-		mykiss	
[[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-	EC50 9.22 mg/L	Daphnia – <i>daphnia</i>	48 hours
propenyl)oxy]methyl]-		magna	
1,3-propanediyl ester	EC50 1.11-3.88 mg/L	Algae –	72 hours
		pseudokirchneriella	
		subcapitata	
	EC50 > 1.000 mg/L	Microorganisms	3 hours
2,6-di-tert-butyl-	LC50 0.907-2.092 mg/L	Fish	96 hours
alpha-dimethylamino-	(calculated)		
p-cresol	LC50 0.335-0.746 mg/L	Daphnia – <i>daphnia</i>	48 hours
	(calculated)	magna	
	EC50 0.297-2.76 mg/L	Algae	96 hours
	(calculated)		
	LC50 > 100 mg/L	Microorgniasms	3 hours

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Silica, amorphous,	-	-	Not readily
precipitated, and gel			
2-Propenoic acid, 2-	-	-	Not readily.
methyl-, 2-ethyl-2-			(28 d) biodegradation
[[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-			29-53%
propenyl)oxy]methyl]-			
1,3-propanediyl ester			
2,6-di-tert-butyl-	-	-	Not readily (calculated)
alpha-dimethylamino-			
p-cresol			

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Silica, amorphous,	-	0	low
precipitated, and gel			
2-Propenoic acid, 2-	2.7-4.2	0	low
methyl-, 2-ethyl-2-			
[[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-			
propenyl)oxy]methyl]-			
1,3-propanediyl ester			
2,6-di-tert-butyl-	4.24 (calculated)	0	low
alpha-dimethylamino-			
p-cresol			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition Not available.

coefficient (K_{oc}):

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: Disposal via incineration is recommended. The generation of waste

should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions, and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Sections 6, 7, and 8 for additional information on accidental release measures, handling and storage, and exposure controls.

14: Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	3077	3077	No information
UN proper shipping	Environmentally	Environmentally	-
name	hazardous substances,	hazardous substances,	
	solid, n.o.s.	solid, n.o.s.	
	(Propylidynetrimethyl	(Propylidynetrimethyl	
	trimethacrylate)	trimethacrylate)	
Transport hazard	9	9	-
class(es)			
Packing group	III	III	-
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	-
Marine pollutant	Yes.	Yes.	-
substances			
Additional information	Not regulated for	-	-
	domestic road/rail/air		
	transport per 49 CFR		
	171.4 (c) (1)		

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed

containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an

accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC code:

Not available.

15: Regulatory information

Inventory status

United States inventory (TSCA

All components are listed or exempted.

8b):

Australia inventory (AICS):
Canada inventory (DSL):
China inventory (IECSC):
All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS): Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status

of this material.

Korea inventory (KECI): All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand inventory (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippenes inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

16: Other information

Hazardous Material Indentification System (USA)

HEALTH	2
FLAMMABILITY	1
REACTIVITY	2

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1901.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the Nation Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J.J.Keller 800-327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Key to abbreviations:	ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
key to applieviations.	–	•
	BCF	Bioconcentration factor
	GHS	Globally harmonized system of classification and
		labeling of chemicals
	IATA	International Air Transport Association
	IBC	Intermediate bulk container
	IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow	Logarithm of the octanol/water partition
		coefficient
	MARPOL 73/78	International convention for the Prevention of
		Pollution from Ships, 1973, as modified by the
		Protocol of 1978. (MARPOL = marine pollution)
	UN	United Nations

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