# EASTMAN

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# MSDS Document

HAZCOM Home

New Search

Section: 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION ▼

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

000001395/F/USA

Revision Date: 1999-01-20

# 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: "EASTOTAC" Resin H-130E

Product Identification Number(s): H-130E

Manufacturer/Supplier: Eastman Chemical Company, Kingsport, Tennessee 37662

MSDS Prepared by: Eastman Product Safety and Stewardship, Eastman Chemical

Company, Kingsport, TN 37662

For Emergency Health, Safety & Environmental Information, call 800-EASTMAN

For Emergency Transportation Information, call CHEMTREC at 800-424-9300 or call 800-EASTMAN

For Other Information, call your Eastman representative or the Eastman operator at 423-229-2000 (USA)

Chemical Name: not applicable

Synonym(s): not applicable

Molecular Formula: not applicable

Molecular Weight: not applicable

Product Use: adhesive, ink

Back to Top

#### AMSR: At 07/12/99 02:58:11 Page 2

# 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Weight % - Component - (CAS Registry Number)

>99 mixed alkylated cycloaliphatic hydrocarbons (069430-35-9) <1 stabilizers (not applicable)

Back to Top

# 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CAUTION!

POWDERED MATERIAL MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE DUST-AIR MIXTURES MOLTEN MATERIAL WILL PRODUCE THERMAL BURNS

HMIS Hazard Ratings: Health - 1, Flammability - 1, Chemical Reactivity - 0

NFPA Hazard Ratings: Health - 1, Flammability - 1, Instability - 0

NOTE: HMIS and NFPA ratings involve data and interpretations that may vary from company to company. They are intended only for rapid, general identification of the magnitude of the specific hazard. To deal adequately with the safe handling of this material, all the information contained in this MSDS must be considered.

Back to Top	
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#### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: If symptomatic, move to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Eyes: If molten material contacts the eye, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If burned by contact with molten material, cool as quickly as possible. Do not peel material from skin. Get medical attention.

Ingestion: Material is not expected to be absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract so that induction of vomiting should not be necessary.

Note to Physicians: Burns should be treated as thermal burns. The material

Exposure Limits:

not necessary.
Back to Top
5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES
Extinguishing Media: water spray, dry chemical
Special Fire-Fighting Procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.
Hazardous Combustion Products: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Powdered material may form explosive dust-air mixtures.
Back to Top
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES  Sweep or scoop up and remove.
Back to Top
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
Personal Precautionary Measures: No special precautionary measures should be needed under anticipated conditions of use.
Prevention of Fire and Explosion: Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Refer to NFPA Pamphlet No. 654, "Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions in the Chemical, Dye, Pharmaceutical, and Plastics Industries."
Storage: Keep container closed.
Back to Top
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

will come off as healing occurs; therefore, inunediate removal from the skin is

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ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV): not established

OSHA (USA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL, 1989 Table Z-1-A values or section-specific standards): not established

Ventilation: Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Supplementary local exhaust ventilation, closed systems, or respiratory protection may be needed in special circumstances such as poorly ventilated spaces, mechanical generation of dusts, heating, drying, etc.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to an acceptable level, an approved respirator must be worn. Respirator type: dust. If respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA Standard 63 FR 1152, January 8, 1998.

Eye Protection: It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize eye contact.

Skin Protection: It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize skin contact. When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns.

Recommended Decontamination Facilities: eye bath, washing facilities

Back to Top	

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Physical Form: solid (flake); liquid (molten)
- Color: varies with formulation
- Odor: odorless
- Odor Threshold: not applicable
- Specific Gravity (water = 1): >1.0
- Vapor Pressure: negligible
- Vapor Density (Air = 1): not applicable
- Evaporation Rate: not applicable
- Boiling Point: not available
- Softening Point: 130°C (266°F)
- Viscosity at Ambient Temperature: not applicable
- Solubility in Water at Ambient Temperature: negligible
- pH: not applicable
- Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient: not applicable
- Flash Point (Cleveland open cup): 287°C (550°F)
- Lower Flammable Limit: not applicable
- Upper Flammable Limit: not applicable
- Autoignition Temperature (ASTM E-659): 383-399°C (721-751°F)
- Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: not available

Back to Top

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: stable

Incompatibility: Material can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Polymerization: will not occur

Back to Top

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Effects of Exposure:

Inhalation: Expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial or commercial handling by trained personnel.

Eyes: Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Skin: Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Ingestion: Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Acute Toxicity Data:

Oral LD-50 (rat): >5 g/kg (highest dose tested)

Inhalation LC-50: not available

Dermal LD-50 (rat): >2 g/kg (highest dose tested)

Skin irritation (guinea pig): none Skin sensitization (guinea pig): none

Eye irritation (rabbit, unwashed eyes): slight to moderate

Eye irritation (rabbit, washed eyes): very slight

Back to Top

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This material has not been tested for environmental effects.

Back to Top

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws. Incinerate.

Back to Top

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

- DOT (USA) Status: not regulated unless liquid is shipped at or above 100°C (212°F) and below its flashpoint. Under these conditions the following applies:
- Class 9, packing group III
- TDG (Canada) Status: not regulated
- Air International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)
- ICAO Status: not regulated unless liquid is shipped at or above 100°C (212°F) and below its flashpoint. Under these conditions the following applies: forbidden on aircraft
- Sea International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)
- IMDG Status: not regulated unless liquid is shipped at or above 100°C (212°F) and below its flashpoint. Under these conditions the following applies:
- Class 9, packing group III

Back to Top

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

- This document has been prepared in accordance with the MSDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.
- OSHA Classification: nonhazardous
- California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986): material(s) known to the State to cause cancer: none known to Eastman
- California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986): material(s) known to the State to cause adverse reproductive effects: none known to Eastman
- This document has been prepared in accordance with the MSDS requirements of

the WHMIS Controlled Products Regulation.

- WHMIS (Canada) Status: noncontrolled
- WHMIS (Canada) Hazard Classification: not applicable
- Carcinogenicity Classification (components present at 0.1% or more):
- International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC); not listed
- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH): not listed
- National Toxicology Program (NTP): not listed
- Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA): not listed
- Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title
   III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and
   40 CFR Part 372; none
- SARA (U.S.A.) Sections 311 and 312 hazard classification(s): not applicable
- US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): All components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory. Any impurities present in this product are exempt from listing.
- Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) and Domestic Substances List (DSL): All components of this product are listed on the DSL. Any impurities present in this product are exempt from listing.
- European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS): Any polymer intentionally present in this product has regulatory clearance under Directives of the European Union.
- Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) and National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS): All components of this product are listed on AICS or otherwise comply with NICNAS.
- Japanese Handbook of Existing and New Chemical Substances: All components of this product are listed in the Handbook or have been approved in Japan by new substance notification.

Back to Top	

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Label Statements:

CAUTION!

POWDERED MATERIAL MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE DUST-AIR MIXTURES MOLTEN MATERIAL WILL PRODUCE THERMAL BURNS

Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

FIRST AID: If burned by contact with molten material, cool as quickly as possible. Do not peel from skin. Get medical attention. If molten material contacts the eye, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention immediately.

Note to Physicians: Burns should be treated as thermal burns. The material will come off as healing occurs; therefore, immediate removal from the skin is not necessary.

CAUTION: FOR MANUFACTURING, PROCESSING OR REPACKING BY TRAINED PERSONNEL

#### Back to Top

The information contained herein is based on current knowledge and experience; no responsibility is accepted that the information is sufficient or correct in all cases. Users should consider these data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of employees and customers and the protection of the environment.

Back_	to	Top	

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