

DATE PRINTED: 12/23/1998

PAGE 1
MSDS NO. 16-084454

FYRQUEL 300

SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME
FYRQUEL 300

CHEMICAL NAME
Butylated triphenyl phosphate

SYNONYM
t-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate

CHEMICAL FORMULA
Mixture

CAS #
MIXTURE

CHEMICAL FAMILY
Aryl phosphate

MANUFACTURERS NAME
Akzo Nobel Chemicals Inc.

PRODUCT/TECHNICAL INFORMATION
1-800-666-1200

ADDRESS
5 Livingstone Avenue
Dobbs Ferry, NY 10522

MEDICAL/HANDLING EMERGENCY
1-914-693-6946

COUNTRY
USA

TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY
CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

PRODUCT USE
Fire-resistant hydraulic fluid

REVISION DATE
9/10/1998

ISSUE DATE
3/10/1995

REVISION NO.
007

SECTION 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SUBSTANCE DESCRIPTION	PERCENT	CAS#
Butylated triphenyl phosphate mixture Triphenyl phosphate	** 85.000- 90.000 10.000- 15.000	MIXTURE 115-86-6

** SUBSTANCE IS A COMPOUND AND/OR MIXTURE

SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance & Odor

Clear, yellow liquid; essentially odorless.

STATEMENT OF HAZARDS

May cause mild skin and eye irritation.
Inhalation of vapor or mist may cause respiratory tract irritation.
Triphenyl phosphate may cause cholinesterase inhibition at levels above the exposure limits.

Fire & Explosion Hazards

This product is not defined as flammable or combustible. It is self-extinguishing once the source of ignition is removed. The material is not sensitive to static discharge or physical impact. It may decompose under fire conditions.

Primary Route of Exposure

The primary routes of exposure to this product are skin contact and inhalation of mists or vapors.

Inhalation Acute Exposure

Inhalation of vapors or mists may cause respiratory tract irritation. Triphenyl phosphate, a component of this product, can cause cholinesterase inhibition (see Section 4, "Note to Physician," for signs and symptoms of these effects).

DATE PRINTED: 12/23/1998

PAGE 2
MSDS NO. 16-084454

FYRQUEL 300

SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
(CONTINUED)

Skin Contact - ACUTE

Skin contact may cause mild irritation.

Eye contact - ACUTE

Eye contact may cause mild irritation.

Ingestion - ACUTE

Ingestion may cause irritation of the gastrointestinal system and diarrhea. Ingestion of triphenyl phosphate, a component of this product, may cause cholinesterase inhibition. See Section 4, "Note to Physician," for signs and symptoms of these effects.

CARCINOGENICITY

IARCNO	OSHANO
NTPNO	ACGIHNO

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation First Aid

If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact - First Aid

Remove contaminated clothing and equipment. Thoroughly wash all affected areas with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean or destroy contaminated shoes.

Eye Contact - First Aid

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of running water. If victim is wearing contact lenses, remove them. Hold the eyelids apart during the flushing to ensure rinsing of the entire surface of the eye and lids with water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion - First Aid

Get medical attention by calling a physician or a poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to reduce the risk of aspiration. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Medical conditions aggravated

Persons with pre-existing neuromuscular disorders may be at an increased risk from exposure to this material.

Note to Physician

This product is an organophosphorus mixture containing triphenyl phosphate, a known cholinesterase inhibitor in humans. Symptoms of cholinesterase inhibition may include: headache, nausea, sweating, numbness and tingling of the hands and feet, salivation, muscle twitching, tremors, incoordination, blurred vision, tears, abdominal cramps, diarrhea, and chest discomfort. In cases of cholinesterase inhibition, atropine by injection is antidotal. Pralidoxime chloride (2-PAM; Protopam chloride) is also antidotal when administered early and in conjunction with atropine.

FYRQUEL 300

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT
475.00 F 246.11 C

FLASH METHOD
Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE
N/D F N/D C

UPPER EXPLOSION LIMIT
N/D

LOWER EXPLOSION LIMIT
N/D

Extinguishing Media

Use water fog or spray, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide extinguishing agents.

Fire Fighting Procedures

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Evacuate non-essential personnel from the fire area. Firefighters should wear full-face, self-contained breathing apparatus and impervious protective clothing. If possible, move containers from the fire area. If not leaking, keep fire exposed containers cool with a water fog or spray to prevent rupture due to excessive heat. High pressure water may spread product from broken containers increasing contamination or fire hazard.

Dike fire control water for later disposal. Do not allow contaminated water to enter waterways.

Fire & Explosion Hazards

This product is not defined as flammable or combustible. It is self-extinguishing once the source of ignition is removed. The material is not sensitive to static discharge or physical impact. It may decompose under fire conditions.

Other Fire + Explosion Hazards

No other fire or explosion hazards of this product are known.

Hazardous Products/Combustion

Decomposition of this product under fire conditions can produce carbon monoxide, phosphorus oxides, and organic decomposition products.

NFPA HEALTH RATING
1

NFPA FLAMMABILITY RATING
1

NFPA REACTIVITY RATING
0

NFPA OTHER
ND

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Cleanup

Isolate spill area and restrict nonessential personnel. All personnel involved in spill cleanup should follow appropriate industrial hygiene practices (see Section 8). Stop source of spill. Dike area to prevent spill from spreading. Soak up liquid with a suitable absorbent such as clay, sawdust, or kitty litter. Sweep up absorbed material and place in a chemical waste container for disposal. CAUTION! Spill area may be slippery. Cover spill area with a slurry of powdered household detergent and water. Use stiff brush to work slurry into cracks and crevices. Allow to stand for 2-3 minutes, then flush with water. Dike wash water for later disposal. Do not allow contaminated water to enter waterways or sewers.

FYRQUEL 300

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Wear protective clothing including chemical goggles and rubber gloves when handling this product to avoid eye and skin contact. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Containers should be located in an area where they can be rotated regularly (first in, first out) and visually inspected for dents and bulging on a weekly basis. If bulged drums are found, they should be vented in an open area by removing the two-inch bung very slowly. The two-inch bung should not be removed completely until there is no sound of pressure being released. The bung can then be removed but this should be done slowly and with care.

Emptied container may retain product residues. Follow all warnings and precautions even after container is emptied.

Storage

Store away from foodstuffs or animal feed. Containers should be stored in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from flammable or oxidizing materials and sources of heat or flame. Exercise due caution to prevent damage to or leakage from the container.

Prolonged storage at elevated temperatures under wet alkaline or acidic conditions should be avoided to assure product integrity. Care should be taken to prevent moisture condensation in the container. Carbon steel is the preferred material of construction for storage containers. The product is normally shipped in unlined tank cars, trucks and drums.

MAXIMUM STORAGE TEMPERATURE

149.00 F 65.00 C

Higher in absence air/moisture

General Comments

At temperatures below 4.4 C (40 F), the viscosity characteristics are such that improved pumping rates may be achieved by warming. Temperatures from 27-37.8 C (80-100 F) provide good rates of flow.

This product can be stored and transported in equipment constructed of mild steel.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory protection

Use a NIOSH-approved organic vapor/acid gas respirator (OVAG) with dust, mist, and fume filters to reduce potential for inhalation exposure if use conditions generate vapor, mist, or aerosol and adequate ventilation (e.g., outdoor or well-ventilated area) is not available. Where exposure potential necessitates a higher level of protection, use a NIOSH-approved, positive-pressure, pressure demand, air-supplied respirator. When using respirator cartridges or canisters, they must be changed frequently (following each use or at the end of the workshift) to assure breakthrough exposure does not occur.

Skin Protection

Skin contact with the liquid or its aerosol should be prevented through the use of suitable protective clothing, gloves, and footwear selected with regard for use condition exposure potential. Combination neoprene over natural latex gloves are recommended.

DATE PRINTED: 12/23/1998

PAGE 5
MSDS NO. 16-084454

FYRQUEL 300

**SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
(CONTINUED)**

Eye Protection

Eye contact with the liquid or its aerosol should be prevented through the use of chemical safety goggles or a face shield selected with regard for use condition exposure potential.

Ventilation protection

At elevated processing temperatures, or in the event that use conditions generate airborne vapor, aerosol or mist, the material should be handled in a well-ventilated area. Where adequate ventilation is not available, use a NIOSH-approved organic vapor/acid gas (OVAG) respirator with dust, mist, and fume filter to reduce exposure. Where exposure potential under use conditions is greater, use a NIOSH-approved, positive-pressure air-supplied respirator.

Other Protection

Safety showers, with quick opening valves which stay open, and eye wash fountains, or other means of washing the eyes with a gentle flow of cool to tepid tap water, should be readily available in all areas where this material is handled or stored. Water should be supplied through insulated and heat-traced lines to prevent freeze-ups in cold weather. Long sleeved clothing may be used to minimize skin contact.

APPLICABLE EXPOSURE LIMITS

Other than any exposure limits which may be displayed in Section 8, there are no other known exposure limits applicable to this product or its components.

**EXPOSURE LIMITS/REGULATORY INFORMATION
(IN MG/M3)**

SUBSTANCE DESCRIPTION	REG. AGCY	PEL	TLV	TWA	STEL	CEIL
Butylated triphenyl phosphate mixture	OSHA	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
	ACGIH	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
	NIOSH	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
	SUPPLIER	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
Triphenyl phosphate	OSHA	3.0000	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
	ACGIH	N/D	3.0000	N/D	N/D	N/D
	NIOSH	N/D	N/D	3.0000	N/D	N/D
	SUPPLIER	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D

LEGEND:

EXPOSURE LIMIT DESCRIPTIONS

CEIL Ceiling Exposure Limit
 PEL Permissible Exposure Limit
 STEL Short Term Exposure Limit
 TLV Threshold Limit Value
 TWA Time Weighted Average
 N/D = Not Determined

DATE PRINTED: 12/23/1998

PAGE 6
MSDS NO. 16-084454

FYRQUEL 300

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg)
LT 0.1 @ 37.8 C (100 F)

VAPOR DENSITY (Air = 1.0)
N/D

EVAPORATION RATE
N/D

VOLATILE %
N/D

BOILING POINT
N/D F N/D C

ODOR THRESHOLD (ppm)
N/D

SPECIFIC GRAVITY
1.15 @ 15.6 C (60 F)

BULK DENSITY
. Not Applicable

SOLUBILITY IN WATER
LT 0.1 g/100 ml

SOLUBILITY IN OTHER SOLVENTS
Not Determined

COEFFICIENT OF OIL/WATER
N/D

POUR POINT
5.00 F -15.00 C

MELTING POINT
N/D F N/D C

pH FACTOR
N/D

CLOUD POINT
N/D F N/D C

FLASH POINT
475.00 F 246.11 C

FLASH METHOD
Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

UPPER EXPLOSION LIMIT
N/D

LOWER EXPLOSION LIMIT
N/D

AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE
N/D F N/D C

Other
Viscosity @ 37.8 C (100 F) = 280-330 SUS.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability

This product is stable at ambient temperatures and atmospheric pressure. It is not self-reactive and is not sensitive to static discharge.

Incompatibilities

This product is incompatible with strong oxidizers, strong acids and strong alkalis. It hydrolyzes slowly at ambient temperatures in acidic or alkaline aqueous solutions.

Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization is not expected to occur.

Decomposition

Under wet acidic or alkaline conditions this product hydrolyzes slowly and nonviolently to form phenol, substituted phenols, and aryl phosphoric acids.

Vapors may decompose at elevated temperatures to release harmful materials.

Conditions to Avoid

Prolonged storage at elevated temperatures (above 65.6 C; 150 F) should be avoided. Contact with strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizers should be avoided.

FYRQUEL 300

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological - Inhalation

The acute inhalation LC50 (rat) for this material following a 4-hour exposure was > 3.1 mg/l, the highest attainable concentration. No effects were observed at this level.

Inhalation Chronic Exposure

Chronic inhalation exposure effects for this product are not known.

Toxicological - Dermal

Practically non-toxic; the acute dermal LD50 (rabbit) for this material is greater than 2000 mg/kg.

This material was found to be a mild skin irritant in rabbits following a 24-hour exposure.

Skin Contact - CHRONIC

Chronic dermal exposure effects for this product are not known. However, prolonged and/or repeated contact may cause irritation.

Toxicological - Eye

This product is a mild irritant to rabbit eyes.

Toxicological - Ingestion

Practically non-toxic; the acute oral LD50 (rat) for this material is > 5000 mg/kg.

Ingestion - CHRONIC

Daily ingestion by rats of 100, 400, or 1600 ppm of this material in the diet for three months produced increases in the liver and adrenal gland weights in females and increases in the liver weights of males at the high-dose level. However, no histopathological changes were noted.

CARCINOGENICITY/MUTAGENICITY

This product was examined for mutagenic and clastogenic activity in a series of in vitro assays. The assays included: Ames tests, the mouse lymphoma and chromosome aberration tests. No evidence of genetic activity was noted in any of these assays. This product was tested in an in vitro malignant transformation assay using BALB/3T3 cells. It did not induce morphological transformations and thus did not exhibit carcinogenic potential in this assay.

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS

Daily administration of this material at 100, 400, or 1000 mg/kg to rats on days 6 through 20 of gestation demonstrated maternal toxicity (increased liver weights and reduced food consumption at the high-dose) and fetotoxicity (reduction in fetal body weight at the high-dose) but no indications of teratogenicity were observed.

NEUROTOXICITY

When this material was administered orally to hens at a cumulative oral dose of 23 g/kg, no signs of acute delayed neurotoxicity were noted.

Other Toxicological Effects

No other toxic effects for this product are known.

Target Organs

Overexposure to this product may affect the skin, eyes, respiratory system, and central and peripheral nervous system.

DATE PRINTED: 12/23/1998

PAGE 8
MSDS NO. 16-084454

FYRQUEL 300

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The 96 hr. LC50 (Rainbow trout) = > 2 mg/l.

DISTRIBUTION

Triaryl phosphate esters, including triphenyl phosphate, exhibit low aqueous solubility, have moderate potential for bioconcentration and readily undergo primary and ultimate biodegradation by naturally occurring mixed-microbial populations present in activated sludge and river water.

CHEMICAL FATE

This product is readily biodegradable.

Hydrolysis rates for triphenyl phosphate, a product component, are:

at pH 9.5: half-life: 1.3 days

at pH 8.2: half-life: 7.5 days

at neutral and acidic pH: too slow to reliably measure.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Material that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Product containers designed for single use should be thoroughly emptied before disposal.

NOTE! State and local regulations may be more stringent than federal.

This product, if unused, does not meet the EPA's RCRA criteria as either a listed or a characteristic hazardous waste. Generators of wastes are required to evaluate their materials for compliance with RCRA and local disposal procedures and regulations.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Containers should be drained of residual product before disposal.

Empty containers should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

SHIPPING DESCRIPTION

FOLLOWING SHIPMENTS ARE NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT:

Surface transport within North America (U.S.A., Canada, Mexico) in packages of 119 gallons or less (non-bulk).

Air transport within North America (U.S.A., Canada, Mexico).

FOLLOWING SHIPMENTS ARE REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT (SHIPPING DESCRIPTION FOLLOWS):

Bulk surface shipments within North America (> 119 gallons).

Water transport within North America (U.S.A., Canada, Mexico).

Export shipments (excluding non-bulk shipments to Canada and Mexico and shipments via air transport to Canada and Mexico).

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Triphenyl Phosphate)

CLASS 9, UN 3082

PACKING GROUP III

NORTH AMERICAN EMERGENCY GUIDE NO. 171

REQUIRED LABELS

PRIMARY LABEL: Class 9

SUBSIDIARY RISK LABEL: Marine pollutant

DATE PRINTED: 12/23/1998

PAGE 9
MSDS NO. 16-084454

FYRQUEL 300

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION
(CONTINUED)

ENVIRON. HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE

This product contains triphenyl phosphate which is a Marine Pollutant per 49 CFR 172.101, Appendix B.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Component Butylated triphenyl phosphate mixture is subject to the following

Environmental List

DSL Domestic Substance List-Canada
TSCA Toxic Subst. Cont. Act -listed

Component Triphenyl phosphate is subject to the following

Environmental List

DSL Domestic Substance List-Canada
MA. LIST Massachusetts Substance List
NJ R-T-K New Jersey R-T-K Hazard. Sub.
PA. LIST Penn. Hazardous Substance List
TSCA Toxic Subst. Cont. Act -listed

OTHER REGULATORY INFORMATION

No other regulatory information is available on this product.

WHMIS HAZARD CLASS
NOT CONTROLLED

HAZARD RATING SOURCE
HMIS

HEALTH
1

REACTIVITY
0

FLAMMABILITY
1

OTHER

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

OTHER INFORMATION

FYRQUEL is a registered trademark of Akzo Nobel Chemicals Inc.

CREATED BY

PRODUCT SAFETY 914/674-5000

KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS:

EQ=Equal

LT=Less Than

GT=Greater Than

AP=Approximately

TR=Trace

ND=No Data available

All information concerning this product and/or suggestions for handling and use contained herein are offered in good faith and are believed to be reliable. Akzo Nobel Chemicals Inc., however makes no warranty as to the accuracy of and/or sufficiency of such information and/or suggestions, as to the product's merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose, or that any suggested use will not infringe any patent. Nothing contained herein shall be construed as granting or extending any license under any patent. Buyer must determine for himself, by preliminary tests or otherwise, the suitability of this product for his purposes. The information contained herein supersedes all previously issued bulletins on the subject matter covered.

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

DATE PRINTED: 12/23/1998

PAGE 10
MSDS NO. 16-084454

FYRQUEL 300

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION
(CONTINUED)
